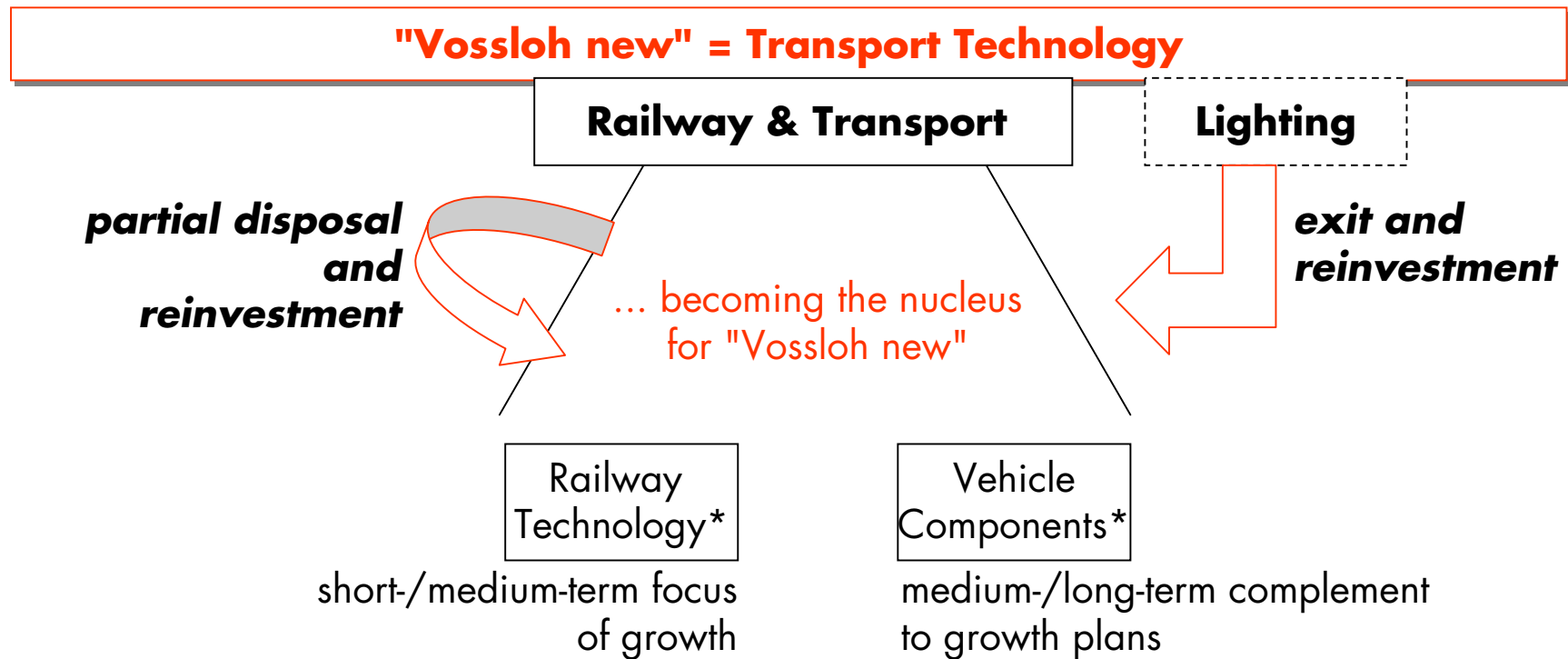


**Realignment of the
Vossloh Group**

DVFA presentation on July 16, 2002,
at Deutsche Bank AG, Frankfurt/Main

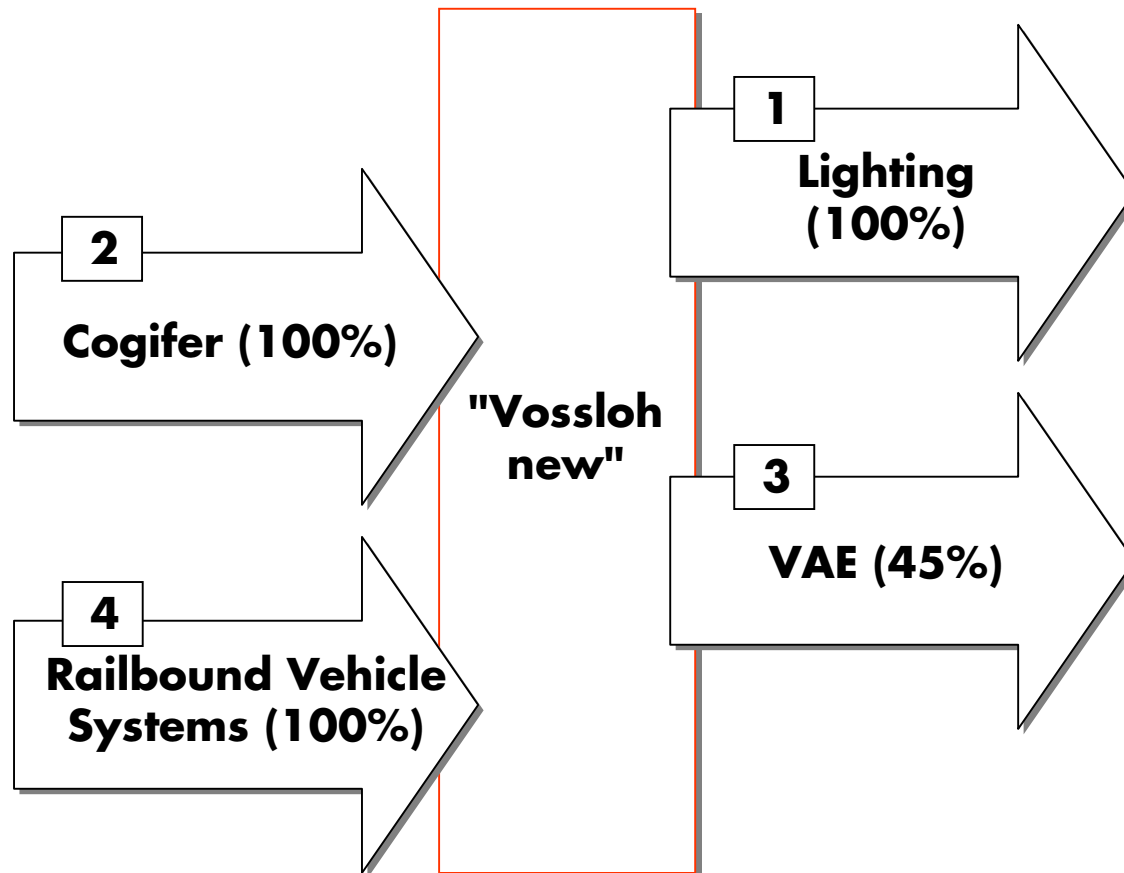
The strategy: Vossloh evolving into a growth-oriented transport technology group

Concept details



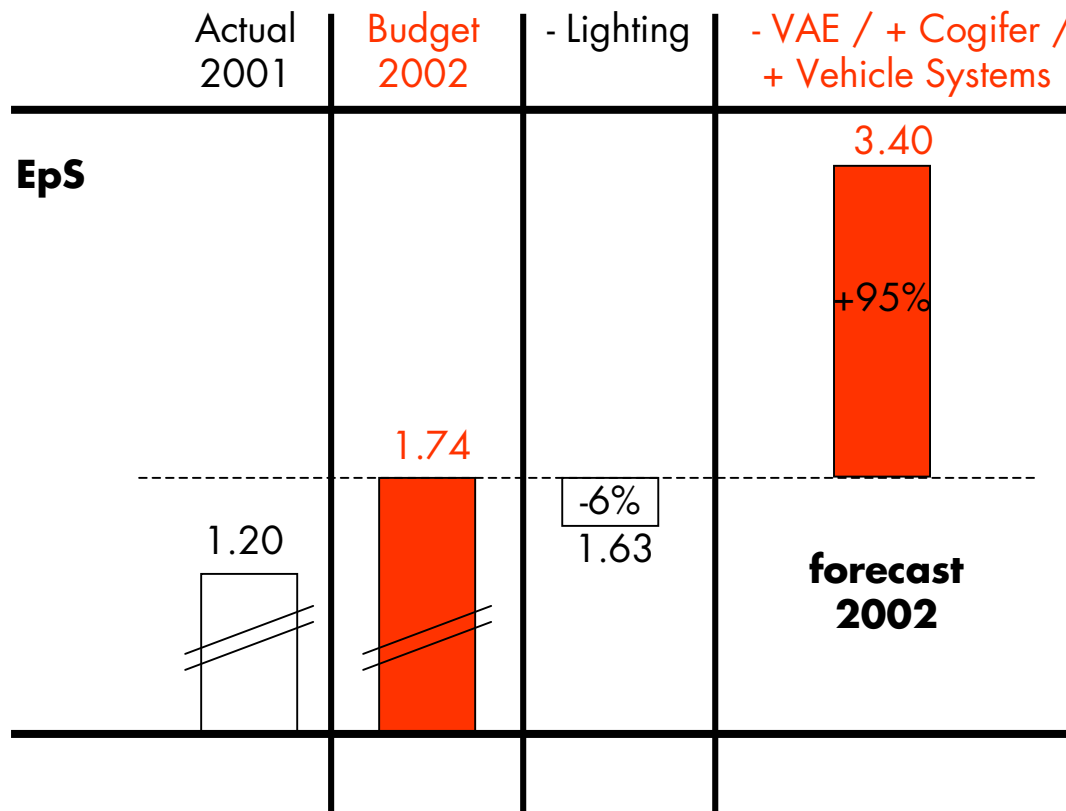
* provisional names

The transactions at a glance



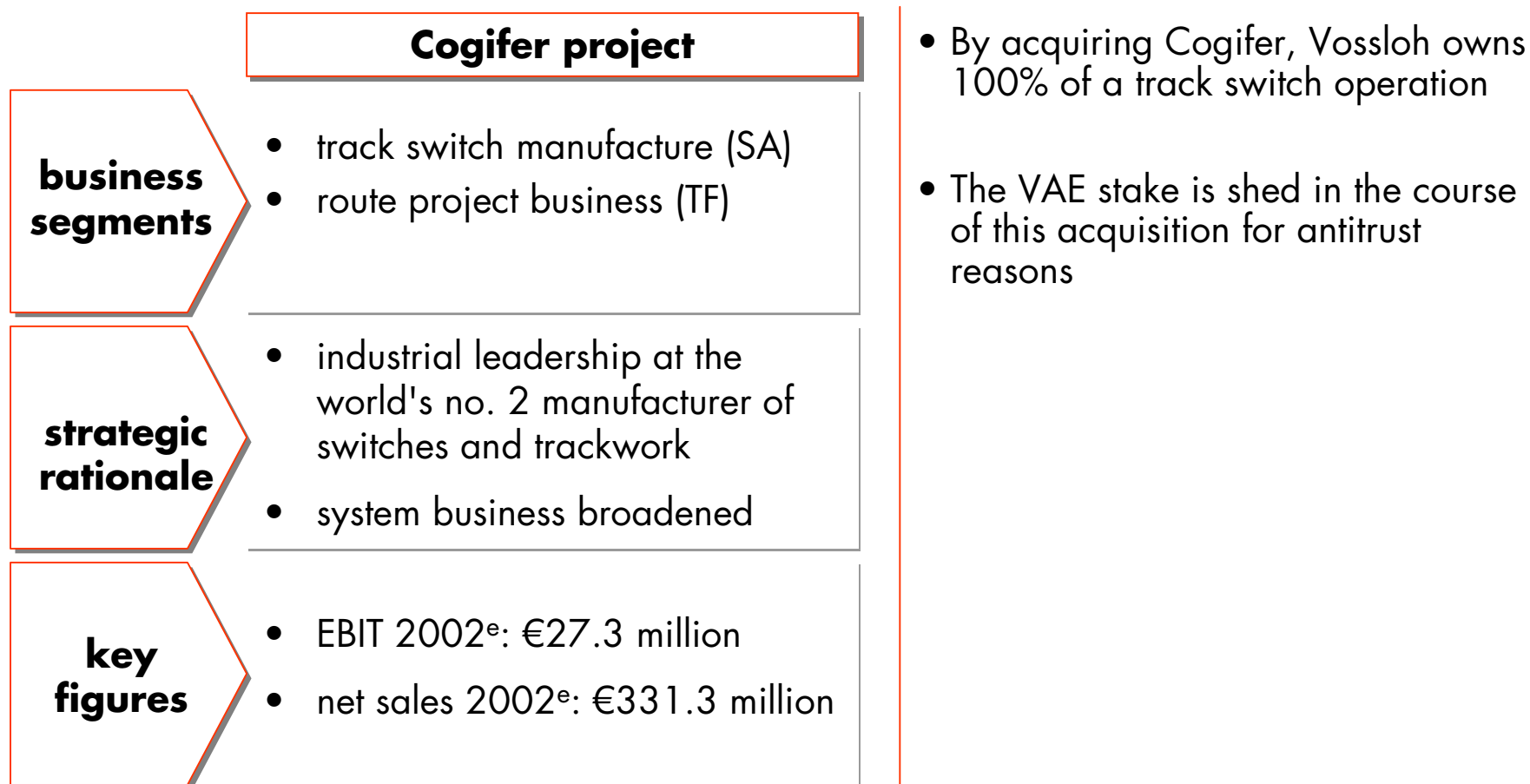
- transaction 1: sale of Lighting is the starting point
- transaction 2 (Cogifer) and transaction 3 (VAE) are closely interrelated
 - divestment of VAE conditional on acquisition of Cogifer
 - thus (probably) no competitive or antitrust problems for realization
- transaction 4 is currently being negotiated

The effects: clear rise in earnings per share, stable balance sheet



- 95% increase of EpS over 2002 budget
- EpS almost trebled in comparison to 2001 actual

Cogifer project at a glance



* 50:50 joint venture consolidated pro rata

Profile of Cogifer SA

History

- emerged in the late 1970s from a merger of the switch manufacturing operations of De Dietrich and Arbed in France and Luxembourg
- from 1985 to 1997 listed on the Paris bourse

Positioning

- second to VAE as the world's biggest supplier of switches and special trackwork
- 1,100 employees, production plants in 12 countries
- 85% international sales

Products

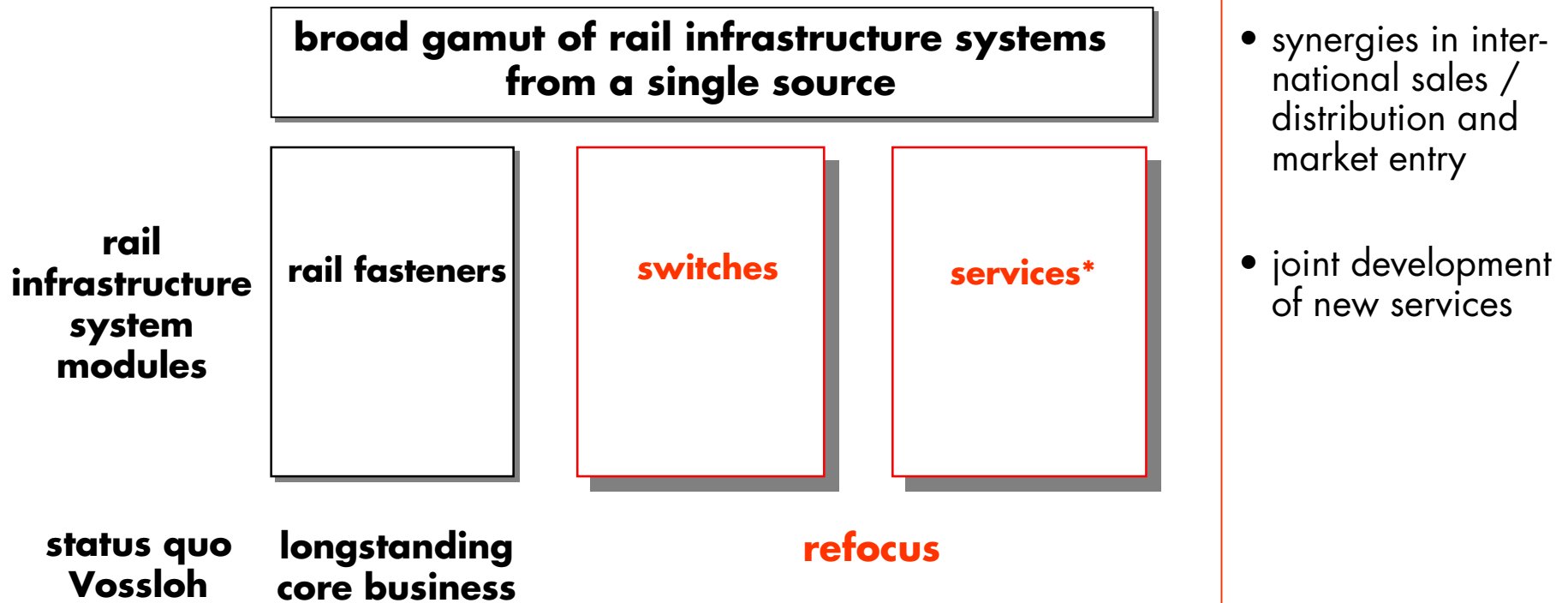
- standard, high-speed and special trackwork in French and German technology (incl. high-speed reference stretches of rail operated by the German railways)
- signal components, signal machines and switch monitoring systems

- corporate culture dovetailing with Vossloh's

- strong market position through economies of scale and international orientation

- broad product range, leading products

Strategic rationale of the Cogifer acquisition



* track maintenance (Cogifer TF), switch logistics, trading

Profile of Cogifer TF

History

- emerged from the acquisition of the track-laying operations Dehe and Montcocol
- in 1996 ETF joint venture formed with the AMEC civil engineering contractors: track maintenance for SNCF

Positioning

- market leader in France, Belgium, Luxembourg in track maintenance with ETF
- market leader for industrial rail networks in France
- well positioned for European tram and urban/commuter rail system projects
- 1,250 employees

Services

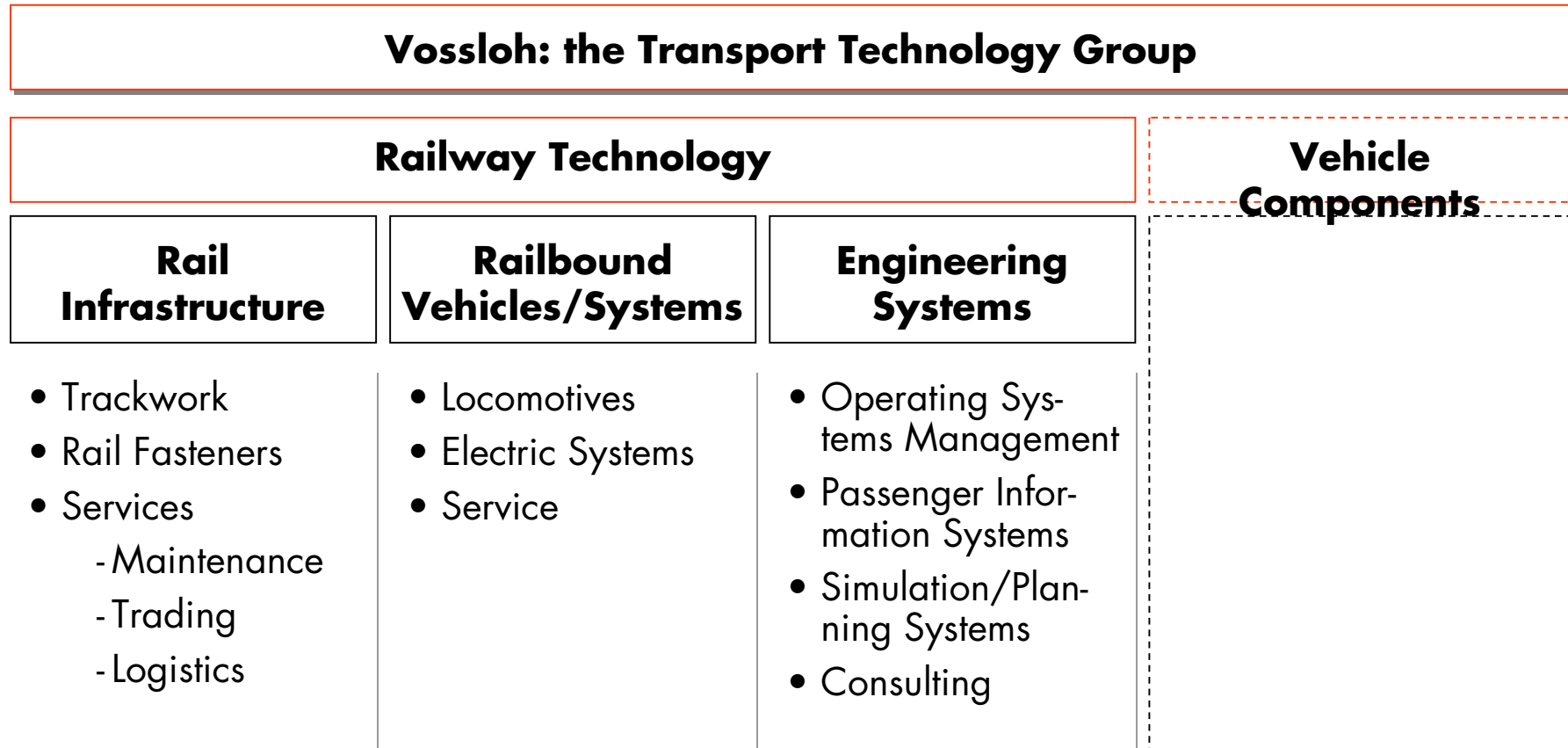
- track maintenance ($\frac{3}{4}$ of sales)
- track-laying ($\frac{1}{4}$ of sales)

- Partnership with AMEC a salient feature

- Strong market position in France and Benelux

- Stable maintenance business oriented toward long-term relations

Structure of the "new" Vossloh



Income statement of Vossloh "new"

all amounts in € million

	2001 actual Vossloh "old"	2002 budget Vossloh "old"	2002 budget Vossloh "new"
Net sales	903.0	914.2	703.0
EBIT	60.0	73.7	81.3 ^[1]
Net income	25.1	35.0	51.2
Minority interests	(7.9)	(10.0)	(6.8)
Net income after minority interests	17.2	25.0	44.4
Extraordinary gains	0.0	0.0	4.6 ^[2]
Group earnings	17.2	25.0	49.0
Earnings per share (EpS)	1.2	1.7	3.4

- Boosting EpS by 95% from €1.74 (original 2002 budget) to €3.40

- In comparison to 2001, EpS almost trebled

^[1] incl. gain from disposal of VAE

^[2] gain from disposal of Lighting

Vossloh's consolidated balance sheet: stable structure with an equity ratio of 35% after acquisitions

<i>all amounts in € million</i>	2001 actual Vossloh "old"	2002 Vossloh "old"	Vossloh "new"*
Cash & cash equivalents	53.5	35.3	35.5
Other current assets	513.8	485.8	365.7
Current assets	<u>567.3</u>	<u>521.1</u>	<u>401.2</u>
Intangible assets	96.8	100.5	273.6
PP&E and financial assets	234.9	266.7	120.2
Fixed assets	<u>331.7</u>	<u>367.2</u>	<u>393.8</u>
Totals assets	<u>899.0</u>	<u>888.3</u>	<u>795.0</u>
Stockholders' equity	193.2	218.1	273.6
Minority interests	121.2	126.5	5.0
Total equity	<u>314.4</u>	<u>344.6</u>	<u>278.6</u>
Financial debts	284.8	257.5	231.8
Other liabilities	299.8	286.2	284.6
Liabilities	<u>584.6</u>	<u>543.7</u>	<u>516.4</u>
Total equity & liabilities	<u>899.0</u>	<u>888.3</u>	<u>795.0</u>

- Equity ratio remains at 35%
 - equals the 2001 ratio
 - yet stockholders' equity clearly boosted
- Net leverage down from 2001 (70% instead of 74%)

* after completion of the transactions

The strategy at a glance

- **Consistently capitalize on the growth of the railway market: steadily rising demand for the transportation of people and goods (approx. 5% annually)**
 - rising traffic volume inevitably entails further structural investments
 - deregulation: private-sector competitors create added demand
- **Operate as specialty supplier in high-margin segments**
 - premium products and services for the railway market
 - clear positioning outside the competition of industry giants
- **Acquire essential market shares and operate as independent market leader**
 - industrial leadership, no minority interests in the long term
 - all-segment market leadership envisaged

Division strategies

Rail Infra-structure

- using the Cogifer potential to develop into a rail infrastructure group – rail fasteners and switches as key components of the track system
- expanding related services offering (trackwork logistics and trading)

Railbound Vehicles & Systems

- achieving European market and cost leadership for diesel locomotives, establishing an all-Europe customer service network
- accessing electric systems market (acquisition of railbound vehicle systems), offering technological solutions with high added value in commuter/urban transportation

Engineering Systems

- developing consultancy services: offer software/systems alongside product range to optimize railway business processes
- engaging in active market consolidation of passenger information systems suppliers

Conclusions

Strategy is translated into practice

- Lighting sold, thus focus on transport technology
- Reinvestment of sales proceeds in transport technology operations

Earnings per share double

- Some 95% hike of EpS versus 2002 budget
- EpS long-term level above €3.40: launching pad for further growth

... while keeping balance sheet stable

- Apart from higher earnings, net leverage improved from 73.5% in 2001 to 70.4%
- Equity ratio unchanged at 35%, reduction of minority interests to virtually nil

... and improving risk position

- Operating segments less volatile
- Critical size in operating segments already achieved

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